
MONTERO MINING AND EXPLORATION LTD.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2018 and 2017
Expressed in Canadian Dollars

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of Montero Mining and Exploration Ltd. (the "Company") have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management. The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

MONTERO MINING AND EXPLORATION LTD.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
(Expressed in Canadian dollars – unaudited)

	Notes	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
ASSETS		\$	\$
Current assets			
Cash		84,715	222,580
Other receivables		7,254	2,650
Prepaid expenses and deposits		52,720	15,932
Total current assets		144,689	241,162
Non-current assets			
Reclamation bonds	4	9,393	9,393
Equipment		4,387	5,725
Exploration and evaluation assets	4	2,601,861	2,498,177
Total non-current assets		2,615,641	2,513,295
TOTAL ASSETS		2,760,330	2,754,457
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	9	357,749	197,371
Total current liabilities		357,749	197,371
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Equity attributable to the owners of the Company			
Share capital	5	15,928,556	15,928,556
Share-based payment reserve	6	6,871,179	6,871,179
Foreign currency translation reserve		1,024,800	995,765
Accumulated deficit		(21,421,954)	(21,238,414)
Total shareholders' equity		2,402,581	2,557,086
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		2,760,330	2,754,457
Subsequent events	14		
On behalf of the Board:			
"Antony Harwood"		"Andrew Thomson"	
_____ Antony Harwood, Director		_____ Andrew Thomson, Director	

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements

MONTERO MINING AND EXPLORATION LTD.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS
(Expressed in Canadian dollars - unaudited)

	Notes	Three months ended March 31, 2018	Three months ended March 31, 2017
		\$	\$
EXPENSES			
Consulting, directors', administrative and management fees	9	75,928	47,205
Depreciation		2,894	2,436
General and administrative	9	5,759	6,978
Other expenses		10,538	4,666
Professional fees		35,207	11,169
Project investigation costs	4	34,352	-
Shareholder and regulatory		19,567	6,673
OPERATING LOSS		(184,245)	(79,127)
OTHER ITEMS			
Finance costs		-	(15,310)
Foreign exchange gain (loss)		705	246
		705	(15,064)
NET LOSS		(183,540)	(94,191)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
Exchange difference on translating foreign operations		29,035	(9,878)
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS		(154,505)	(104,069)
LOSS PER SHARE – BASIC AND DILUTED	7	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.01)

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements

MONTERO MINING AND EXPLORATION LTD.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
(Expressed in Canadian dollars - unaudited)

	Note	Number of Shares	Share Capital	Share Based Payment Reserve	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Accumulated Deficit	TOTAL EQUITY
			\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance, December 31, 2016		10,594,022	14,448,342	6,871,179	1,072,992	(20,799,476)	1,593,037
Net loss and comprehensive loss		—	—	—	(9,878)	(94,191)	(104,069)
Balance, March 31, 2017		10,594,022	14,448,342	6,871,179	1,063,114	(20,893,667)	1,448,968
Shares issued for cash	5	3,675,000	735,000	—	—	—	735,000
Shares issued for debt settlement	5	4,101,347	820,270	—	—	—	820,270
Share issue costs	5	—	(75,056)	—	—	—	(75,056)
Net income and comprehensive income		—	—	—	(67,349)	(344,747)	(412,096)
Balance, December 31, 2017		18,370,369	15,928,556	6,871,179	995,765	(21,238,414)	2,557,086
Net loss and comprehensive loss		—	—	—	29,035	(183,540)	(154,505)
Balance, March 31, 2018		18,370,369	15,928,556	6,871,179	1,024,800	(21,421,954)	2,402,581

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements

MONTERO MINING AND EXPLORATION LTD.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Expressed in Canadian dollars – unaudited)

	Three months ended March 31, 2018	Three months ended March 31, 2017
	\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net loss for the year	(183,540)	(94,191)
Adjustments to loss for non-cash items:		
Depreciation	2,894	2,436
Non-cash interest expense	-	15,310
Net changes in non-cash working capital items:		
Other receivables	(4,604)	(1,189)
Prepaid expenses and deposits	(36,788)	(4,318)
Trade and other payables	157,200	129,543
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(64,838)	47,591
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Expenditures on equipment	(1,556)	-
Expenditures on exploration and evaluation assets	(71,471)	(50,197)
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(73,027)	(50,197)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Loans received	-	-
Net cash flows from financing activities	-	-
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(137,865)	(2,606)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING	222,580	4,589
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	84,715	1,983

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements

MONTERO MINING AND EXPLORATION LTD.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2018 AND 2017
(Expressed in Canadian dollars - unaudited)

1. NATURE AND CONTINUANCE OF OPERATIONS

Montero Mining and Exploration Ltd (“Montero” or the “Company”) was incorporated on October 5, 2006, under the laws of British Columbia, Canada. Montero and its subsidiaries (collectively, the “Company”) are engaged in the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties in Nairobi, South Africa and Tanzania.

Montero is a publicly listed company with its shares listed on the TSX Venture Exchange (“TSX-V”). The Company’s registered office is located at 1040 West Georgia Street, Suite 1900, Vancouver, BC, V6E 4H3 and its head office address is Suite 1128, 789 West Pender Street, Vancouver, BC V6C 1H2.

Going Concern

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared using International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) applicable to a going concern, which assume that the Company will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations. Different bases of measurement may be appropriate if the Company is not expected to continue operations for the foreseeable future. As at March 31, 2018 the Company had not advanced its exploration and evaluation assets to commercial production and is not able to finance day to day activities through operations. The Company’s continuation as a going concern is dependent upon the successful results from its mineral property exploration activities and its ability to attain profitable operations and generate funds there from and/or raise equity capital or borrowings sufficient to meet current and future obligations. These conditions give rise to substantial doubt about the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern. When further funds are required, they will be financed through a private placement of common shares or by debt instruments. Subsequent to the quarter-end, the Company closed a private placement raising gross proceeds of \$842,507 (Note 14).

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company, including comparatives, have been prepared in accordance with IFRS issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) and Interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (“IFRIC”).

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements comply with International Accounting Standard (“IAS”) 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include all of the information required of a complete set of consolidated financial statements and are intended to provide users with an update in relation to events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in financial position and the performance of the Company since the end of its last annual reporting period. It is therefore recommended that these condensed consolidated interim financial statements be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2017, which were prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements were authorized for issue on May 28, 2018 by the Audit Committee of the Company.

3. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The significant accounting policies that have been used in the preparation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements are summarized in the Company’s annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and are based on historical costs, modified where applicable. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

MONTERO MINING AND EXPLORATION LTD.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2018 AND 2017
(Expressed in Canadian dollars - unaudited)

3. BASIS OF PRESENTATION – Continued

Changes in Accounting Policies—Financial Instruments

The Company adopted all of the requirements of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (“IFRS 9”) as of January 1, 2018. IFRS 9 replaces IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement (“IAS 39”). IFRS 9 utilizes a revised model for recognition and measurement of financial instruments and a single, forward-looking “expected loss” impairment model. Most of the requirements in IAS 39 for classification and measurement of financial liabilities were carried forward in IFRS 9, so the Company’s accounting policy with respect to financial liabilities is unchanged. As a result of the adoption of IFRS 9, management has changed its accounting policy for financial assets retrospectively, for assets that continued to be recognized at the date of initial application. The change did not impact the carry value of any of the financial assets or financial liabilities on the transition date.

The following is the Company’s new accounting policy for financial instruments under IFRS 9:

i) Classification

The Company classifies its financial instruments in the following categories: at fair value through profit and loss (“FVTPL”), at fair value through other comprehensive income (loss) (“FVTOCI”) or at amortized cost. The Company determines the classification of financial assets at initial recognition. The classification of debt instruments is driven by the Company’s business model for managing financial assets and their contractual cash flow characteristics. Equity instruments that are held for trading are classified as FVTPL. For other equity instruments, on the day of acquisition the Company can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate them as at FVTOCI. Financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost, unless they are required to be measured at FVTPL (such instruments held for trading or derivatives) or if the Company has opted to measure them at FVTPL.

The Company completed a detailed assessment of its financial assets and liabilities as at January 1, 2018. The following table shows the original classification under IAS 39 and the new classification under IFRS 9:

<u>Financial assets/liabilities</u>	<u>Original classification IAS 39</u>	<u>New classification IFRS 9</u>
Other receivables	Amortized cost	Amortized cost
Deposits	Amortized cost	Amortized cost
Reclamation bonds	Amortized cost	Amortized cost
Trade and other payables	Amortized cost	Amortized cost

The Company did not restate prior periods as it recognized the effects of retrospective application to shareholder’s equity at the beginning of the 2018 annual reporting period, which also includes the date of initial application. The adoption of IFRS 9 resulted in no impact to the opening accumulated deficit nor to the opening balance of accumulated comprehensive loss on January 1, 2018.

ii) Measurement

Financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost

Financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost are initially recognized at fair value plus or minus transaction costs, respectively, and subsequently carried at amortized cost less any impairment.

Financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL

Financial assets and liabilities carried at FVTPL are initially recorded at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the consolidated statements of net loss. Realized and unrealized gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets and liabilities held at FVTPL are included in the consolidated statements of net loss in the period in which they arise.

MONTERO MINING AND EXPLORATION LTD.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2018 AND 2017
(Expressed in Canadian dollars - unaudited)

3. BASIS OF PRESENTATION – Continued

Changes in Accounting Policies—Financial Instruments – Continued

iii) Impairment of financial assets at amortized cost

The Company recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets that are measured at amortized cost. At each reporting date, the Company measures the loss allowance for the financial asset at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance for the financial asset at an amount equal to the twelve month expected credit losses. The Company shall recognize in the consolidated statements of loss, as an impairment gain or loss, the amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognized.

iv) Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognizes financial assets only when the contractual rights to cash flows from the financial assets expire, or when it transfers the financial assets and substantially all of the associated risks and rewards of ownership to another entity. Gains and losses on derecognition are generally recognized in the consolidated statements of loss.

4. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

A summary of the Company’s exploration and evaluation assets by property area is as follows:

	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
	\$	\$
Namibia Lithium Projects		
Sorisor Lithium	30,659	-
UIS Lithium Tin Tailings	29,648	-
EPL 6162 Lithium	300	-
South Africa - Phosco	1,349,038	1,345,924
Tanzania - Wigu Hill	1,192,216	1,152,253
	2,601,861	2,498,177

a) **Namibia**

Lithium Projects

Sorisor Lithium Project

On October 10, 2017, the Company entered into a Letter of Intent (“LOI”) with Frovio Investment (“Frovio”) and Mickal Tjituka (“Tjituka”), the owner of Frovio, to acquire up to an 80% interest in a newly formed company (“Newco”) that will hold the mining claims that make up this lithium project (the “Sorisor Lithium Project”). Frovio has eight mining claims making up the Sorisor Lithium Project and will transfer them into Newco in exchange for a 20% interest. Montero will earn the remainder 80% interest by committing to spending \$1 million on the Sorisor Lithium Project over a three year period. The LOI indicated a three month due diligence period and Montero requested an extension until November 10, 2018, which has been granted. If successful results are achieved after this due diligence period, Frovio and Montero will complete a definitive agreement covering the Sorisor Lithium Project. Montero has established a new subsidiary in Namibia, Sorisor Mining (Proprietary) Ltd. as required by the LOI above, and entered into a shareholder’s Agreement with Tjituka covering its term of operations.

MONTERO MINING AND EXPLORATION LTD.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2018 AND 2017
(Expressed in Canadian dollars - unaudited)

4. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS – Continued

a) Namibia – Continued

Soris Lithium Project – Continued

Montero is currently evaluating this property and in accordance with its accounting policies, capitalizes these costs once they have a legal right to the claims. For the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company spent \$30,659 on the Soris Lithium Project.

UIS Lithium Tin Tailings Project

On March 5, 2018, the Company entered into a binding Heads of Agreement (“HOA”) with Namib Base Minerals CC (“NBM”) and Namibia Silica CC (“NBS”), (collectively the “Owners”) to acquire a 95% interest in the UIS Lithium Tin Tailings Project. Under the terms of the HOA, Montero can earn a 95% interest in the UIS Lithium Tin Tailings Project by spending United States dollars (“USD”) \$1,425,000 over a three year period. A payment of USD \$10,000 is required on the execution of the HOA (paid), another payment of USD \$40,000 paid on the successful completion of due diligence, a further payment of USD\$275,000 shall be paid within 6 months and the remainder as staged milestone payments. There is a due diligence period of two months provided.

Montero also entered into an agreement with Lithium Africa 1 (“LA1”), to acquire drilling and other data pertaining to the UIS Lithium tailings Project, within four months following a successful due diligence for the amount of \$125,000 in cash or shares at LA1’s election.

Montero is currently evaluating this property and in accordance with its accounting policies, capitalizes these costs once they have a legal right to the claims. For the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company capitalized costs of \$29,648 and expensed an amount of \$4,505 as property investigation costs on the UIS Lithium Tin Tailings Project.

EPL 6162 Lithium Project

On March 1, 2018, the Company entered into a LOI with Mr. Esegial Xamseb (“Xamseb”), a Namibian national, to acquire an 80% interest in the Exclusive Prospecting Licence 6162 (“EPL 6162 Lithium Project”). Under the terms of the LOI, Montero can earn an 80% interest in the EPL 6162 Lithium Project by spending \$1,000,000 over a three year period. Montero shall pay Xamseb \$5,000 on signing of a definitive agreement and make annual payments to him of \$10,000 on the anniversary of the effective date. There is a due diligence period of three months provided.

Montero is currently evaluating this property and in accordance with its accounting policies, capitalizes these costs once they have a legal right to the claims. For the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company capitalized costs of \$300 on the EPL 6162 Lithium Project.

b) South Africa

Phosco Project

On November 18, 2011, the Company’s subsidiary, Montero Projects Limited (“Montero Projects”) acquired the shares in Eurozone which holds interests in subsidiary companies that hold phosphate exploration projects in South Africa (hereafter, “Phosco”). Montero Projects paid \$101,700 (United States dollars “USD” \$100,000) and issued 2,500,000 common shares of Montero, valued at \$750,000, and completed the acquisition of Eurozone. The Company now holds two licences covering the Duyker Eiland and Phillips Kraal areas.

The Company has a total of \$9,393 (December 31, 2017 - \$9,393) in reclamation bonds and deposits lodged with local governments in regards to any potential reclamation costs that may arise regarding its Phosco Project.

MONTERO MINING AND EXPLORATION LTD.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2018 AND 2017
(Expressed in Canadian dollars - unaudited)

4. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS – Continued

c) Tanzania

Wigu Hill Project

On May 26, 2008 (amended June 30, 2009 and April 27, 2010) the Company and RSR (Tanzania) Limited (“RSR”) entered into an agreement whereby RSR granted the Company an exclusive option to earn an initial 60% interest in the Wigu Hill Project (the “First Option”), and an additional 10% interest in the Wigu Hill Project (the “Second Option”). The terms and conditions of the final amended agreement on April 27, 2010 are outlined as follows. In order to exercise the First Option, the Company must pay United States dollars (“USD”) \$150,000 on or before April 30, 2010 (paid). After the exercise of the First Option, RSR will transfer the prospecting licences comprising the Wigu Hill Project (the “Wigu Hill Licences”) to a newly-formed company (established and called - Wigu Hill Mining Company Limited “WHMC”) and the Company will concurrently pay RSR a further USD \$50,000 (paid). The Company is further obligated to incur exploration expenditures of USD \$3.5 million (incurred) (or alternatively complete a prefeasibility study) on or before November 28, 2012. Once completed, the Company may at its sole discretion, within 60 days after November 28, 2012, elect to acquire a further 10% interest in the Wigu Hill Licences by paying RSR a further USD \$2,000,000 to complete the requirements to execute the Second Option (amended as outlined below).

On September 22, 2011, the Company and RSR executed a shareholders’ agreement, which outlines the following:

- amended the payment of USD \$2,000,000 to an initial Second Option payment of \$800,000 (paid) and a final Second Option payment of USD \$700,000, which is to be paid subject to receipt of mining and retention licences granted by the Government of Tanzania, as well as a development agreement executed by the Government of Tanzania and the Company. By mutual agreement between the Company and RSR, the USD \$700,000 payment may be satisfied by the issuance of common shares of Montero at the prevailing market price of such shares at the date of payment.
- agreement that the Company has now duly and validly exercised the First Option and the Second Option, and owns a 70% interest in the Wigu Hill Licences.
- RSR has transferred the Wigu Hill Licences to WHMC which was originally owned 70% by the Company and 30% by RSR. Further funding of exploration on the Wigu Hill Licences shall be provided by the Company and RSR in proportion to their ownership of WHMC.
- dilution provisions are provided subject to a deemed expenditure formula and, and where a party’s interest is diluted to less than 10%, conversion of such interest to a 2.5% net smelter returns royalty (“NSR”) will be done. The Company has the right to purchase all or part of the NSR for USD \$1 million per each 0.5%.

After the establishment of WHMC, further exploration costs were incurred by the Company and RSR has not yet paid their share of these costs which at March 31, 2018 were determined to be \$1,565,831 (USD \$1,214,387) and have been included in exploration and evaluation assets. Management has not recorded RSR’s share as a receivable due to the uncertainty of payment. RSR was put on notice for its contribution required and advised that dilution will occur if payment is not received. The notice period for receipt of payment has expired and therefore Montero increased its ownership of the WHMC to 82.25%.

In common with all mining companies, licences are required to be renewed in order to maintain ownership. Montero regularly reviews its licences and meets the local governmental requirements on the licences it plans to renew. In particular, Montero has been granted a Retention Licence on its Wigu Hill Project which is valid until February 13, 2020.

d) Chile

On January 25, 2018, Montero entered into an agreement with certain individuals (the “Founders”) to acquire certain techniques for exploration in Chile. Montero plans to apply for claims in Chile and utilize these techniques for exploration. Montero agrees to spend \$100,000 on the application, due diligence and exploration work on the claims over 18 months. In addition, Montero has agreed to issue shares to the Founders valued at \$100,000 on receipt of valid claims from the application process and the completion of successful due diligence (“Milestone 1”) and to issue shares valued at \$600,000 following the conditions of Milestone 1 above as well as completion of a

MONTERO MINING AND EXPLORATION LTD.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2018 AND 2017
(Expressed in Canadian dollars - unaudited)

4. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS – Continued

d) Chile – Continued

successful sampling program which leads Montero to decide to undertake resource definition drilling on one or more of the claims. There is a due diligence period of nine months provided. During the three months ended March 31, 2018, Montero has spent \$26,547 in property investigation costs on this program.

Details of the Company's exploration and evaluation assets are as follows:

	Namibia		South Africa	Tanzania		Three Months ended March 31, 2018	Year ended December 31, 2017
	Soris	UIS	EPL 6162	Phosco	Wigu Hill		
				\$	\$	\$	\$
Property acquisition costs							
Balance, beginning of period	-	-	-	784,351	422,967	1,207,318	1,187,703
Foreign currency translation	-	-	-	-	11,767	11,767	(28,704)
Additions	-	13,309	-	-	-	13,309	48,319
Impairment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance, end of period	-	13,309	-	784,351	434,734	1,232,394	1,207,318
Exploration and evaluation costs							
Balance, beginning of period	-	-	-	561,573	729,286	1,290,859	1,305,833
Foreign currency translation	-	-	-	-	20,446	20,446	(50,036)
Costs incurred during the period:							
Field and camp costs	150	1,150	-	-	3,634	4,934	2,008
Geochemical and metallurgical	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Geological consulting	14,012	9,799	300	-	-	24,111	5,863
Geophysical and maps	-	-	-	1,359	-	1,359	3,403
Lab tests and assays	3,765	4,988	-	-	-	8,753	-
Maintenance and environmental	11,496	-	-	1,755	-	13,251	9,020
Project administration costs	-	-	-	-	2,393	2,393	10,791
Travel and accommodation	1,236	402	-	-	1,723	3,361	3,977
	30,659	16,339	300	564,687	757,482	1,369,467	1,290,859
Total	30,659	29,648	300	1,349,038	1,192,216	2,601,861	2,498,177

MONTERO MINING AND EXPLORATION LTD.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2018 AND 2017
(Expressed in Canadian dollars - unaudited)

5. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorized

Unlimited number of common shares without par value.

Issued and outstanding

At March 31, 2018 there were 18,370,369 issued and fully paid common shares outstanding (December 31, 2017 – 18,370,369).

Share consolidation

On July 13, 2017, the Company received approval from the TSX-V for the consolidation of its issued and outstanding common shares on the basis of one new post-consolidation share for every eight pre-consolidation shares.

Share consolidation

	Number of shares	Amount \$
Balance, December 31, 2016 and March 31, 2017	84,752,174	14,448,342
Balance, December 31, 2016 and March 31, 2017 post-consolidation	10,594,022*	14,448,342
<i>*(rounded due to fractional shares)</i>		

All share and per share references in these financial statements have been reflected on a post-consolidation basis. All stock options and warrants have been adjusted on the same basis, with a proportionate adjustment to the exercise price.

Details of changes to share capital

Changes during the three months ended March 31, 2018
None during the period.

Changes during the year ended December 31, 2017

Debt settlement

On July 7, 2017, the Company announced that it completed a debt settlement transaction (the “Debt Settlement”) with certain creditors (“Creditors”), including Creditors who are related parties of the Company, providing for the settlement of all of the loans payable of \$625,959 and trade and other payables of \$194,311 totalling \$820,270 of its outstanding debts, which will be settled through the issuance of an aggregate of 32,810,000 Special Warrants (as herein defined) of the Company at a deemed issue price of \$0.025 per Special Warrant. The Debt Settlement was subject to the completion of the Consolidation Condition (as herein defined) and final TSX-V approval, both of which were satisfied effective July 13, 2017 as described below. Share issue costs of \$5,996 were incurred in conjunction with this Debt Settlement.

Special Warrant Financing

As at June 30, 2017, the company received cash of \$735,000 for subscriptions for special warrants and on July 13, 2017, the Company announced that it completed a non-brokered private placement of 29,400,000 special warrants (the “Special Warrants”) at a price of \$0.025 per Special Warrant (the “Subscription Price”) for gross proceeds of \$735,000 (the “Offering”). Each eight Special Warrants are exercisable into one common share if the Consolidation Condition (as herein defined) is satisfied on or before September 30, 2017. Share issue costs of \$69,060 were incurred in conjunction with this Offering.

MONTERO MINING AND EXPLORATION LTD.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2018 AND 2017
(Expressed in Canadian dollars - unaudited)

5. SHARE CAPITAL – Continued

The Offering was made pursuant to the grant of a “discretionary waiver” of the TSX-V’s minimum \$0.05 pricing requirement (the “Waiver”) and is subject to acceptance by the TSX-V. With respect to the Waiver, the Company is to conduct a share consolidation of its outstanding common shares on the basis of one post-consolidation common share for each eight pre-consolidation common shares (the “Share Consolidation”), or such other ratio as may be agreed in writing by the Company and the subscribers to the Offering (the “Consolidation Condition”) which would result in a post-consolidation conversion price equal to or greater than \$0.05 per common share on or before September 30, 2017 (the “Consolidation Deadline”).

If the Consolidation Condition was satisfied on or before the Consolidation Deadline, the Special Warrants shall be deemed to be exercised for no further consideration (without any further action on the part of the Special Warrant holders) on the date of the Consolidation Condition. However, if the Consolidation Condition was not satisfied on or before the Consolidation Deadline, the Special Warrants shall be redeemed at the Subscription Price with interest payable at the rate of 10% per annum.

The Company received shareholder approval of the Share Consolidation at the annual and special meeting of shareholders held on June 30, 2017 and received final TSX-V approval on July 13, 2017, thereby satisfying the Consolidation Condition by the Consolidation Deadline.

Effective July 13, 2017, the 32,810,000 Special Warrants issued pursuant to the Debt Settlement noted above and the 29,400,000 Special Warrants issued pursuant to the Offering noted above were converted into common shares on the basis of eight Special Warrants for one post-consolidated common share.

The Company’s share capital position on December 31, 2017 after the Consolidation Condition was satisfied and the Special Warrants were exercised, is as follows:

	Number of shares	Amount \$
Balance, December 31, 2016 pre-consolidation	84,752,174	14,448,342
Share consolidation on basis of eight to one	10,594,022	-
Issued pursuant to Debt Settlement	4,101,347*	820,270
Issued pursuant to Offering	3,675,000	735,000
Share issue costs	-	(75,056)
Balance, December 31, 2017	18,370,369	15,928,556

*(rounded due to fractional shares)

Stock options

The Company has established a Stock Option Plan (the “Plan”) for directors, officers, employees and consultants. The number of common shares that are available for grants of options under the Plan shall not at any time exceed 10% of the number of outstanding common shares, calculated at the time of grant. Options granted under the Plan generally have a term of five years and vest on the date of the grant.

MONTERO MINING AND EXPLORATION LTD.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2018 AND 2017
(Expressed in Canadian dollars - unaudited)

5. SHARE CAPITAL – Continued

A summary of the continuity of the Company's stock options is as follows:

	March 31, 2018		December 31, 2017	
	Number of Shares Issuable	Weighted Average Exercise Price \$	Number of Shares Issuable	Weighted Average Exercise Price \$
Options outstanding, beginning of period	175,625	1.00	175,625	1.00
Granted	-	-	-	-
Expired	-	-	-	-
Options outstanding and exercisable, end of period	175,625	1.00	175,625	1.00

The stock options expired unexercised on April 30, 2018.

6. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT RESERVE

The Company's share-based payment reserve is comprised of the following:

	\$
Expired warrants	5,086,472
Expired stock options	1,730,797
Unexpired stock options	53,910
Balance, March 31, 2018	6,871,179

The share-based payment reserve records items recognized as stock-based compensation expense, the fair value of expired warrants associated with private placements and the fair value of agent's warrants. If the stock options are exercised prior to expiry, the corresponding amount will be transferred to share capital.

7. LOSS PER SHARE

Basic loss per share amounts are calculated by dividing the net loss for the year by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. The basic and diluted loss per share are the same since the Company reported a loss for the period and therefore the effect would be antidilutive.

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Net loss attributable to owners of the parent company	\$ (183,540)	\$ (94,191)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding	18,370,369	10,594,022
Basic and diluted loss per ordinary share	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.01)

There have been no other transactions involving ordinary shares or potential ordinary shares between the reporting date and the date of completion of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements, other than disclosed in Note 14.

MONTERO MINING AND EXPLORATION LTD.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2018 AND 2017
(Expressed in Canadian dollars - unaudited)

8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company has no operating lease commitments. The Company has capital commitments relating to its exploration and evaluation assets as outlined in Note 4.

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key management personnel compensation

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
<i>Compensation of key management personnel</i>		
Short-term benefits	43,893	20,172
Share-based payments	-	-
	43,893	20,172
Total remuneration of directors and key management personnel	43,893	20,172

Related party transactions

The Company incurred the following transactions with management, directors, officers or companies which have directors in common, or in which the directors have significant influence and interests.

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
	\$	\$
<i>Exploration and evaluation asset transactions</i>		
Geological consulting and other	-	-
Total exploration and evaluation asset transactions	-	-
<i>Operating expense transactions</i>		
Consulting, directors', administrative and management fees	7,284	6,600
General and administrative	1,653	3,000
Finance costs	-	14,570
	8,937	24,170
Total trading transactions with related parties	8,937	24,170

Related party balances

The following amounts due to related parties are included in trade and other payables:

	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
	\$	\$
Due to related parties	93,599	50,549

The amounts due to related parties represent amounts due to directors and officers or companies which have directors in common, or in which the directors have significant influence and interests. These amounts are included in trade and other payables and are unsecured, non-interest bearing and are due within twelve months.

MONTERO MINING AND EXPLORATION LTD.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2018 AND 2017
(Expressed in Canadian dollars - unaudited)

10. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company has one business segment being the exploration and evaluation of mineral resources. The Company is organized by geographic area and as such, its reportable operating segments are located in Canada, Namibia, Tanzania and South Africa.

Information regarding the Company's geographic segments is as follows:

As at March 31, 2018					
	Canada	Namibia	South Africa	Tanzania	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Reclamation bonds	-	-	9,393	-	9,393
Plant and equipment	-	1,517	-	2,870	4,387
Exploration and evaluation assets	-	60,607	1,349,038	1,192,216	2,601,861
Total non-current assets	-	62,124	1,358,431	1,195,086	2,615,641

As at December 31, 2017					
	Canada	Namibia	South Africa	Tanzania	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Reclamation bonds	-	-	9,393	-	9,393
Plant and equipment	-	-	-	5,725	5,725
Exploration and evaluation assets	-	-	1,345,924	1,152,253	2,498,177
Total non-current assets	-	-	1,355,317	1,157,978	2,513,295

11. NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

There were no non-cash transactions during the three months ended March 31, 2018 or three months ended March 31, 2017 that are not reflected in the statement of cash flows:

12. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company manages its capital to ensure that it will be able to continue as a going concern, while supporting the Company's business and maximizing the return to its stakeholders. The Company's capital structure is adjusted based on management's decisions to issue debt or equity instruments to fund expenditures. In order to maximize ongoing exploration efforts, the Company does not pay dividends. The Company's Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria, but rather relies on the expertise of management and other professionals to sustain future development of the business. The capital of the Company consists of equity attributable to owners of the parent comprised of share capital, stock options and warrants.

The Company's principle assets are in the exploration and evaluation stage and, as a result, the Company currently has no source of operating cash flow. In order to facilitate the management of capital and exploration of its mineral properties, the Company needs to raise capital as and when required to complete its projects and for working capital. The sources of future funds presently available to the Company are through the issuance of new share capital, through the exercise of stock options and/or warrants or through borrowings from related parties.

MONTERO MINING AND EXPLORATION LTD.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2018 AND 2017
(Expressed in Canadian dollars - unaudited)

12. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT – *Continued*

The ability of the Company to arrange such financing in the future will depend in part upon the prevailing capital market conditions, as well as the business performance of the Company. There can be no assurances that the Company will be successful in its efforts to arrange additional financing, when required, on terms satisfactory to the Company.

Management prepares operating budgets to forecast its financing requirements in advance and they review their capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach is reasonable, given the relative size of the Company. The Company's investment policy is to hold excess cash in interest-bearing accounts at high credit quality financial institutions to minimize risk and maximize liquidity. The Company's overall strategy remains unchanged from the prior period. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

13. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company operates in the mining industry and faces a number of risks that could adversely affect the Company's operations. These risks include industry risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, commodity price risk. Management reviews and develops policies for managing each of these risks which are summarized below.

Industry Risk

The Company is engaged in the mineral exploration field, which is subject to inherent risks of success as well as compliance with environmental, political and regulatory requirements. The Company is potentially at risk for environmental reclamation obligations associated with resource property interests. As well, the Company operates in foreign countries and is subject to local political risks, as well as local regulatory requirements regarding ownership and maintenance of mineral licences. Management is of the opinion that they have the expertise to address these risks and makes all efforts to conduct their business in compliance with local industry standards, however environmental and local industry laws and practices are complex, and there is no certainty that all exposure to liability or costs have been mitigated.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with a counter-party's ability to fulfill its payment obligations. The Company's primary exposure to credit risk is attributable to its cash and cash equivalents, as well as trade and other receivables. This risk relating to cash and cash equivalents is considered low since the Company only invests its cash in major banks which are high credit quality financial institutions. The other receivables primarily comprise local sales tax refunds due from governmental agencies and, as such, management considers the risk with their collection minimal. The cash and cash equivalents are invested in short-term investment certificates for periods less than 90 days and the trade and other receivables are due in less than 90 days.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises through the excess of financial obligations due over available financial assets at any point in time. The Company's objective in managing liquidity risk is to maintain sufficient readily available cash in order to meet its liquidity requirements and to develop budgets to forecast cash requirements in advance of their requirements. The Company currently does not have a source of operating cash flow and must raise funds for its exploration and evaluation programs and for general working capital. There are risks associated with raising the funds required, and there can be no assurances that the Company will be successful in its efforts to arrange additional financing on terms satisfactory to the Company. The Company's trade and other payables are generally due within 90 days, with all amounts due within twelve months.

MONTERO MINING AND EXPLORATION LTD.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2018 AND 2017
(Expressed in Canadian dollars - unaudited)

13. RISK MANAGEMENT – Continued

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that the fair values of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk on its cash equivalents which represent excess cash invested in short-term investments and these accrue interest at variable market rates. The Company monitors these investments with its need for cash flow and is satisfied with the return on these investments, given the timing of the need for cash in the Company. The effect of interest rate changes on the Company is insignificant.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company operates in Canada, Namibia, South Africa and Tanzania and portions of its expenditures are incurred in US dollars, South African Rand and Tanzanian Shillings. The Company's presentation currency is the Canadian dollar, the Tanzanian subsidiaries' functional currency is the United States dollar and the South African subsidiaries' functional currency is the Canadian dollar. At March 31, 2018 and 2017, the value of financial assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate is not significant.

Commodity Price Risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity prices. Commodity price risk is the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value of its exploration and evaluation assets, due to commodity price movements and volatilities. The Company monitors commodity prices (primarily lithium, phosphates and rare earth elements) to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

14. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Subsequent to March 31, 2018 the following events took place:

- a) On April 27, 2018, the Company closed a private placement of 3,510,449 Units at a price of \$0.24 per Unit for gross proceeds of \$842,507. Each Unit consists of one common share and one common share warrant, each warrant entitling the holder to purchase one common share at a price of \$0.32 per common share within 18 months of the closing of the private placement. A finder's fee of \$16,704 was paid by the issue of 69,600 common shares.
- b) On May 15, 2018, the Company announced 1,752,000 stock options to the Board of Directors, management and consultants pursuant to the Company's incentive stock option plan.